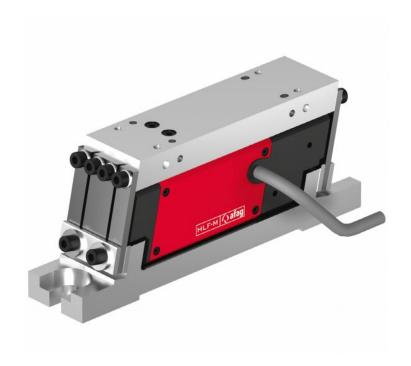


Operating & Installation Instructions

Linear Feeder HLF07-M / 12-M / 25-M / 50-M



Translation of the Original Operating & Installation Instructions EN

- Linear feeder HLF07-M (230 V/50 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF07-M (115 V/60 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF12-M (230 V/50 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF12-M (115 V/60 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF25-M (230 V/50 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF25-M (115 V/60 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF50-M (230 V/50 Hz)
- Linear feeder HLF50-M (115 V/60 Hz)

- ⇒ Order no .: 50260370
- ⇒ Order no .: 50270718
- ⇒ Order no.: 50259924
- ⇒ Order no.: 50270770
- ⇒ Order no .: 50259276
- ⇒ Order no .: 50270897
- ⇒ Order no.: 50421880
- ⇒ Order no.: 50431259



Dear Customer

Thank you for choosing our products and placing your trust and confidence in our company!

These operating and installation instructions contain all essential information you need about your product. Our aim is to provide the required information as concisely and clearly as possible. If, however, you still have any questions on the contents or suggestions, please do not hesitate to contact us. We are always grateful for any feedback.

Our team will also be glad to answer any further question you may have regarding the linear feeder or other options.

We wish you every success with our products!

With kind regards

Your Afag team

© Subject to modifications

The linear feeders have been designed by Afag Automation AG according to the state of the art. Due to the constant technical development and improvement of our products, we reserve the right to make technical changes at any time.

Updates of our documentations



Unlike the printed documents, our digital instructions manuals, product data sheets and catalogues are being continuously updated on our website.

Please keep in mind that the digital documents on our website are always the latest versions.

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Table of contents

1	Gene	eral		5
	1.1	Со	ontents and purpose of this manual	5
	1.2	Ex	planation of symbols	5
	1.3	Ad	ditional symbols	6
	1.4	Wa	arranty	7
	1.5	Lia	ability	7
2	Safet	ty ins	structions	8
	2.1	Ge	eneral	8
	2.2	Inte	ended use	8
	2.3	Fo	reseeable misuse	9
	2.4	Ob	oligations of the operator and the personnel	9
	2	2.4.1	Follow these operating instructions	9
	2	2.4.2	Obligations of the operating company	9
	2	2.4.3	Obligations of the personnel	10
	2.5	Pe	rsonnel requirements	10
	2	2.5.1	Personnel qualification	10
	2.6	Pe	rsonal protective equipment (PPE)	11
	2.7	Ch	nanges & Modifications	11
	2.8	Ge	eneral hazards / residual risks	11
	2	2.8.1	General hazards at the workplace	11
	2	2.8.2	Danger due to electricity	12
	_	2.8.3	Hazards due to strong alternating magnetic fields	
	2	2.8.4	Mechanical hazards	13
3	Tech	nica	l data	14
	3.1	Dir	mensional drawing HLF-M	14
	3.2	Te	chnical data HLF-M	15
	3.3	Ac	cessories	16
	3	3.3.1	Mounting parts	16
	3	3.3.2	Adjustment aids - Distance gauges	16
	3	3.3.3	Controller	16
4	Trans	spor	t, packaging and storage	17
	4.1	Sa	fety instructions	17
	4.2	Sc	ope of supply	18
	4.3	Tra	ansport	19
	4.4	Pa	ckaging	19
	4.5	Sto	orage	19
5	Desig	gn ar	nd description	20
	5.1	_	esign HLF-M linear feeder	
	5.2		escription of the HLF-M linear feeder	



6	Insta	llatio	on, assembly and setting	21
	6.1	Sa	fety instructions	21
	6.2	Ass	sembly	22
	6	.2.1	Tightening torque	22
	6	.2.2	Fastening the module	22
	6	.2.3	Assembly of the useful mass	23
	6	.2.4	Assembly of the conveyor rail	24
	6.3	Ele	ectrical connection	25
	6.4	Se	ttings	26
	6	.4.1	Design of the conveyor rails	26
	6	.4.2	Adjust balance of weights	27
	6	.4.3	Natural frequency fine adjustment	28
	6	.4.4	Adjust air gap	30
7	Opera	atior	1	31
	7.1	Sa	fety instructions for commissioning	31
	7.2		eparatory activities for commissioning	
	7.3		mmissioning of the modules	
8	Fault	elim	nination	32
	8.1		fety instructions	
	8.2		ult causes and remedy	
9			nce and repair	
3			eneral notes	
	9.1			
	9.2		fety instructions	
	9.3		nintenance activities and maintenance intervals	
	•	.3.1		
	_	.3.2	Check leaf springs for wear and oxidation	
	_	.3.3	Check spring setting behaviour	
			Remove leaf springs	
			Further maintenance	
	9.4	-	are and wear parts, repairs	
	_	.4.1	• •	
	9	.4.2	Wear parts	38
10	Deco	mmi	ssioning, disassembly, disposal	39
	10.1	Sa	fety instructions	39
	10.2	De	commissioning	39
	10.3	Dis	sposal	39



1 General

Contents and purpose of this manual 1.1

These operating and installation instructions contain valuable information on assembly, commissioning, functioning and maintenance of the linear feeder HLF to ensure safe and efficient handling and operation.

Consistent compliance with these operating instructions will ensure:

- permanent operational reliability of the linear feeders,
- optimal functioning of the linear feeders,
- timely detection and elimination of defects (thereby reducing maintenance and repair costs),
- prolongation of the linear feeder's service life.

The illustrations in this manual shall provide you with a basic understanding of the module and may vary from the actual design of your module.

Explanation of symbols 1.2

The safety notes are marked by a pictogram and a signal word. The safety notes describe the extent of the hazard.

DANGER



Danger!

This safety note indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or severe injury.

WARNING



Warning!

This safety note points out a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or severe injury.

CAUTION



Caution!

This safety note points out a potentially dangerous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor or slight injuries.

NOTICE

This safety note points out a potentially dangerous situation which, if not avoided, can cause substantial damage to property and the environment.





This note contains important additional information as well as useful tips for safe, efficient and trouble-free operation of the linear feeders.

Further warning signs:

Where applicable, the following standardised symbols are used in this manual to point out the various potential health risks.



Warning - Dangerous electrical voltage.



Warning - Risk of hand and finger injury due to uncontrolled movements of components.



Warning - Magnetic field

1.3 Additional symbols

In these assembly instructions the following symbols are used to highlight instructions, results, references, etc..

Symbol	Description
1.	Instructions (steps)
\Rightarrow	Results of actions
-	References to sections
	Enumerations not ordered



1.4 Warranty

The warranty terms for Afag handling components and handling systems are the following:

- 24 months from initial operation and up to a maximum of 27 months from delivery.
- Wear parts are excluded from the warranty (The customer is entitled to a product free of defects. This does also apply to defective accessories and wear parts. Normal wear and tear are excluded from the warranty.

The warranty covers the replacement or repair of defective Afag parts. Further claims are excluded.

The warranty shall expire in the following cases:

- Improper use of the module
- Non-observance of the instructions regarding installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance.
- Improper assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance
- Repairs and design changes carried out without prior technical instructions of Afag Automation AG
- Removing the serial number from the product
- Non-observance of the EC Machinery Directive, the Accident Prevention Regulations, the Standards of the German Electrotechnology Association (VDE) and these safety and assembly instructions.

1.5 Liability

No changes shall be made to the linear feeders unless described in this manual or approved in writing by Afag.

Afag accepts no liability for unauthorized changes or improper assembly, installation, commissioning, operation, maintenance or repair work.



2 Safety instructions

2.1 General

This chapter provides an overview of all important safety aspects to ensure safe and proper use of the linear feeders and optimal protection of personnel.

Safe handling and trouble-free operation of the linear feeder requires knowledge of the basic safety regulations.

Every person carrying out installation, commissioning, maintenance work or operating the linear feeders must have read and understood the complete user manual, especially the chapter on safety instructions.

Beyond this, there are rules and regulations regarding accident prevention that are applicable to the place of installation which must be observed.



Failure to follow the directions and safety instructions given in this instructions manual may result in serious hazards.

2.2 Intended use

The HLF may only be used for transporting, buffering and arranging parts. Regarding the maximum permissible dimensions and weights of add-on parts, the notes in chapter 3 "Technical data" must be observed.

The following uses of the HLF are considered as improper use:

- Use in damp and wet areas
- Use at temperatures below 10°C or above 45°C
- Use in areas with highly flammable media
- Use in areas with explosive media
- Use in heavily polluted or dusty environments
- Use in aggressive environment (e.g., salty atmosphere)

The intended use of the module also includes:



- observance of all instructions given in this manual.
- compliance with the inspection and maintenance work and the specifications in the data sheets,
- using only original spare parts.



Foreseeable misuse 2.3

Any use other than or beyond the intended use described above is considered a misuse of the linear feeder.

WARNING



Risk of injury if the HLF is not used for its intended purpose or if it is foreseeable used incorrectly!

The improper use of the HLF poses a potential hazard to the personnel.

■ The linear feeders may only be used in a technically perfect condition in accordance with its intended use and the instructions in this manual as well as in compliance with the safety requirements!

Obligations of the operator and the personnel

2.4.1 Follow these operating instructions

A basic prerequisite for safe and proper handling of the linear feeders is a good knowledge of the basic safety instructions.



This manual, in particular the safety instructions contained therein, must be observed by all persons working with the linear feeder.

2.4.2 Obligations of the operating company

In addition to the safety instructions given in this manual, the operating company must comply with the safety accident prevention and environmental protection regulations valid for the field of application of the linear feeder.

The operating company is required to use only personnel who:

- have the necessary professional qualifications and experience,
- are familiar with the basic rules regarding occupational safety and accident prevention,
- have been instructed in the correct handling of the linear feeder.
- have read and understood these operating instructions.

The operating company is also required to:

- monitor on an ongoing basis that the personnel work safely considering any potential hazard involved and the assembly instructions are observed,
- ensure that the assembly instructions are always kept at hand at the installation in which the linear feeder is mounted,
- observe and communicate universally applicable laws and regulations regarding accident prevention and environmental protection,
- provide the necessary personal protective equipment (e.g., protective gloves) and instruct the personnel to wear it.



2.4.3 Obligations of the personnel

All personnel working with the modules are required to:

- read and observe these assembly instructions, especially the chapter on safety,
- observe the occupational safety and accident prevention regulations,
- observe all safety and warning signs on the modules,
- refrain from any activity that might compromise safety and health.



In addition, the personnel must wear the personal protective equipment required for carrying out their work. (Chapter 2.6).

2.5 Personnel requirements

2.5.1 Personnel qualification

The activities described in the assembly instructions require specific requisites at the level of professional qualifications of the personnel.

Personnel not having the required qualification will not be able to asses the risks that may arise from the use of the linear feeder thus exposing himself and others to the risk of serious injury. Therefore, only qualified personnel may be permitted to carry out the described activities on the linear feeders.

These operating instructions are intended for skilled personnel (installers, system integrators, maintenance personnel, technicians), electricians and operating personnel.

The following is a description of the professional skills (qualifications) required for carrying out the different activities:

Qualified personnel:

Qualified personnel with appropriate training who are qualified due to their special know-how and fully familiar with the machine and who have been given instructions on how to carry out the task entrusted to them safely.

Qualified electrician:

Persons who have obtained their electrical qualifications through appropriate professional training and complementary courses that enables them to identify risks and prevent hazards resulting from electricity.

Operator (trained personnel):

Authorized persons who due to their specialized professional training, expertise and experience can identify risks and preventing hazards arising from the use of the machine.



Personal protective equipment (PPE) 2.6

The personal protective equipment serves to protect the personnel from hazards affecting their safety and health at work.

When working on/with the linear feeder, the personnel must use the protective equipment assigned by the safety officer of the operating company or as required by safety regulations. In addition, the personnel are required to:

- wear the personal protective equipment provided by the operating company (employer),
- check the personal protective equipment for proper condition, and
- immediately notify the person responsible on site of any defects found on the personal protective equipment.

Changes & Modifications 2.7

No changes may be made to the linear feeders which have not been described in these operating instructions or approved in writing Afag Automation AG.

Excluded from this are the rails stated in \bigcirc Chap. 6.4.1 and \bigcirc Chap. 6.2.3, as well as the accessories specified in \$\circ\$ Chap. 3.3.

Afag Automation AG accepts no liability for unauthorised changes or improper assembly, installation, commissioning, maintenance or repair work.



The linear feeders may not be changed or modified in any way, except with the prior written consent of Afag.

General hazards / residual risks 2.8

Despite the safe design of the HLF and the technical protective measures taken, there still remain residual risks that cannot be avoided, and which present a nonobvious residual risk when operating the modules.

Observe the safety instructions in this chapter and in the other sections of this manual to avoid damage to property and dangerous situations for the personnel.

2.8.1 General hazards at the workplace

The HLF linear feeder has been built according to the state-of-the-art and the applicable health and safety requirements. However, improper use of the linear feeder may cause the following hazards to the personnel:

- danger to life and limb of the operator or third parties,
- on the HLF feeders themselves,
- property damage.





Always keep the operating instructions ready at hand at the workplace! Please, also observe:

- the general and local regulations on accident prevention and environmental protection,
- the safety information sheet for the linear feeder.

WARNING



Danger - Do not use in unsuitable environment!

The HLF are designed for use in **non-**explosive atmospheres.

Do <u>not</u> use the HLF modules in potentially explosive atmospheres!

CAUTION



Risk of injuries due to uncontrolled parts movements!

When operating the HLF uncontrolled movements may occur which can cause personal injury or property damage.

- Only qualified personnel may work with or on the HLF.
- Read this manual carefully before carrying out any work on or with the HLF.

2.8.2 Danger due to electricity

WARNING



Danger! Risk of electric shock!

If work on electrical components is required, ensure that the work is carried out properly, failure to do so will cause serious or fatal injuries.

Work on the machine's electrical equipment may only be performed by skilled electrician or trained personnel under the supervision of a skilled electrician in accordance with all relevant electrical regulations.

2.8.3 Hazards due to strong alternating magnetic fields

DANGER Denger due to



Danger due to alternating magnetic fields!

The alternating magnetic fields occurring in the immediate vicinity of the HLF25/HLF50 can affect the proper functioning of e.g., pacemakers and defibrillators.

Persons with a pacemaker must keep a **safety distance** of **at least 10 cm**.



2.8.4 **Mechanical hazards**

CAUTION



Danger of injury by moving components!

Limbs can be crushed by moving components!

- Work on and with the HLF may only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- Never reach into the system during normal operation!



3 Technical data

3.1 Dimensional drawing HLF-M

Туре	HLF07-M	HLF12-M	HLF25-M	HLF50-M
A	300 mm	400 mm	500 mm	700 mm
В	25 mm	30 mm	38 mm	44 mm
С	10 mm	10 mm	10 mm	10 mm
D1	7 mm	9 mm	9 mm	11 mm
D2	4 x M5	4 x M5	4 x M6	4 x M6
D3	2 x 4 H7	2 x 4 H7	2 x 5 H7	2 x 5 H7
E	36 mm	42 mm	50 mm	60 mm
F	73 mm	80 mm	108 mm	140 mm
G	80 mm	100 mm	120 mm	190 mm
Н	50 mm	59 mm	86 mm	96 mm
K	60 mm	80 mm	100 mm	170 mm
M	170 mm	200 mm	260 mm	350 mm
N	2 x 4 mm	2 x 4 mm	2 x 5 mm	2 x 5 mm
P	150 mm	180 mm	240 mm	320 mm
X	$85 \pm 10 \text{mm}$	$105 \pm 10 \text{mm}$	$135 \pm 20 \text{ mm}$	$180 \pm 10 \text{mm}$
Υ	$0 \pm 9 \text{ mm}$	$0 \pm 10 \text{ mm}$	$0 \pm 12 \text{ mm}$	$0 \pm 12 \text{ mm}$
Z	$77 \pm 8,5 \text{mm}$	$84 \pm 11 \text{mm}$	$110 \pm 15 \text{mm}$	$155 \pm 15 \text{mm}$

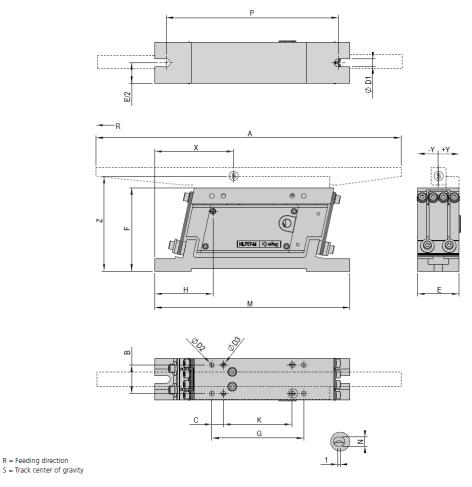


Fig. 1 Dimensional drawing HLF



3.2 Technical data HLF-M

HLF-M				
Operating temperature				10 - 45 ° C
Tuna	HLF07-M	HLF07-M	HLF12-M	HLF12-M
Туре				
Order number	50260370	50270718	50259924	50270770
Mechanical vibration frequency	100 Hz	120 Hz	100 Hz	120 Hz
Mains connection (mains voltage/mains frequency)	230 V/50 Hz	115 V/60 Hz	230 V/50 Hz	115 V/60 Hz
Max. power consumption	15 VA	15 VA	19 VA	19 VA
Net weight	1.8 kg	1.8 kg	2.8 kg	2.8 kg
Feed rail weight (ideal)	$0.7 \pm 0.1 \text{ kg}$	$0.7 \pm 0.1 \text{kg}$	$1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ kg}$	$1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{kg}$
Max. feeder speed	7 m/min	7 m/min	7 m/min	7 m/min
Reactive force compensation	•	•	•	•
Protection type	IP 54	IP 54	IP 54	IP 54
Туре	HLF25-M	HLF25-M	HLF50-M	HLF50-M
Order number	50259276	50270897	50421880	50431259
Mechanical vibration frequency	100 Hz	120 Hz	100 Hz	120 Hz
Mains connection (mains voltage/mains frequency)	230 V/50 Hz	115 V/60 Hz	230 V/50 Hz	115 V/60 Hz
iviains connection (mains voitage/mains frequency)		113 7700112		113 7700112
Max. power consumption	100 VA	100 VA	170 VA	170 VA
	100 VA 6 kg			
Max. power consumption		100 VA	170 VA	170 VA
Max. power consumption Net weight	6 kg	100 VA 6 kg	170 VA 12.5 kg	170 VA 12.5 kg
Max. power consumption Net weight Feed rail weight (ideal)	6 kg 2.5 ± 0.1 kg	100 VA 6 kg $2.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ kg}$	170 VA 12.5 kg 5 ± 0.1 kg	170 VA 12.5 kg 5 ± 0.1 kg

Note: • = existent
Track not included in scope of supply.

Inlcuded in delivery

2x Leaf spring HLF



3.3 Accessories

3.3.1 Mounting parts

Туре	Designation	Note	Order Number
	Trimming weight NM07	Weight: 25 g	50217298
HLF07	Trimming weight GM07	Weight: 15 g	50216944
nLF0/	Side plate O-07	-	50197283
	Side plate S-07	-	50217291
	Trimming weight NM12	Weight: 50 g	50216719
HLF12	Trimming weight GM12	Weight: 25 g	50216708
HLF12	Side plate O-12	-	50197284
	Side plate S-15	-	50216714
	Trimming weight NM25	Weight: 100 g	50217316
HLF25	Trimming weight GM25	Weight: 50 g	50217312
nLF25	Side plate O-25	-	50197285
	Side plate S-25	-	50217314
	Trimming weight NM50	Weight: 100 g	50217677
HLF50	Trimming weight GM50	Weight: 50 g	50217621
TILF30	Side plate O-50	-	50197286
	Side plate S-50	-	50217676

3.3.2 Adjustment aids - Distance gauges

Туре	Drive type	Order Number
	HLF07-M	50185560
Dietones gauge	HLF12-M	50185560
Distance gauge	HLF25-M	50273499
	HLF50-M	50185562

3.3.3 Controller

Туре	Power supply	Order Number
IRG1-S (control without timer function,	230V/50Hz	50360105
external setpoint input)	115V/60Hz	50360106



For more information on the controller, see \bigcirc Chap. 6.3 and the controller manufacturer's instructions.



Transport, packaging and storage

4.1 Safety instructions

CAUTION



Danger of injury due to improper transport equipment!

The improper use of transport equipment such as industrial trucks, overhead cranes, slings) can lead to injuries (e.g., crushing!

- Observe transport and assembly instructions.
- Use the means of transport properly!

NOTICE

Damage to property due to improper lifting!

The linear feeder must not be lifted at the conveyor rail! Using the conveyor rail as a lifting point can damage the linear feeder!

Lift the linear feeder by the base only!



The linear feeders are packed in the original packaging (cardboard box). Carefully remove the linear feeder from the original packaging.



4.2 Scope of supply



The corresponding documentation is supplied with each linear feeder (e.g., operating and installation instructions, etc.).



Fig. 2 Scope of delivery HLF-M

[Unt]	Designation	
1 x	Linear feeder HLF-M	
1 x	Operating & Installation Instructions	



4.3 **Transport**



No liability can be assumed for damages caused by improper installation on the part of the operating company.



The following conditions must be complied with for transport and storage:

- Storage temperature: 0-50 °C
- Relative air humidity: < 90%, non condensing.

Packaging

The linear feeder is transported in the Afag Automation AG transport packaging. If no Afag packaging is used, the linear feeder must be packed in such a way that it is protected against shocks and dust.

NOTICE

Risk to the environment due to incorrect disposal of the packaging material!

Environmental damage can be caused by incorrect disposal of the packaging material.

 Dispose of the packaging material in an environmentally sensitive way in accordance with the local environmental regulations.

4.5 Storage

If the linear feeder is stored for an extended period, observe the following:

- Store the linear feeder in the transport packaging.
- Do not store the telescope spindle axes outdoors or expose them to weather conditions.
- The storage space must be dry and dust free.
- Room temperature of the storage space: 0-50 °C.
- Relative air humidity: < 90% non condensing.
- Protect the linear feeder from dirt and dust.



5 Design and description

5.1 Design HLF-M linear feeder

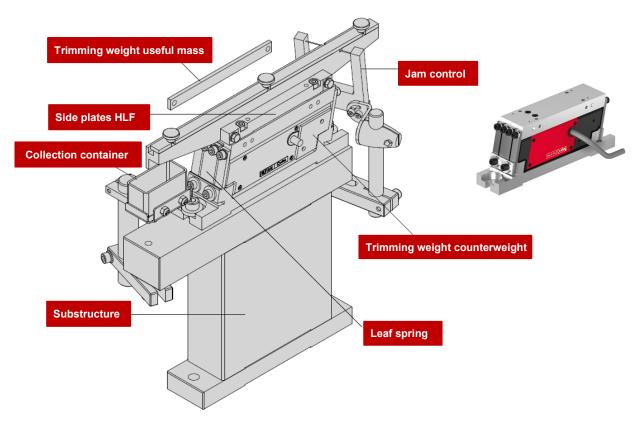


Fig. 3 Design of the HLF-M

5.2 Description of the HLF-M linear feeder

The Afag linear feeders of the HLF-M type are used to remove parts from upstream machines and/or feed parts to downstream machines.

Furthermore, Afag linear feeders are also used for sorting parts, with consideration of various criteria. Linear feeders are fitted in individual feeding units as well as in complex assembly systems.

HLF-M feeders consist of two oscillating parts arranged on top of each other which oscillate asynchronously. Slotted leaf springs connect these to a common base plate at which the opposing oscillating forces virtually cancel each other out.

The upper oscillating part is used as a useful mass for fastening the conveyor rail. The oscillating part at the bottom forms the counterweight. A magnet system (armature-magnet core) is installed horizontally between the two vibrating parts.



The HLF-M linear feeders are to be operated in combination with an Afag controller. Only in this combination can optimum conveying behaviour be guaranteed.



6 Installation, assembly and setting

For safe operation, the module must be integrated into the safety concept of the system in which it is installed.

During normal operation, it must be ensured that the user cannot interfere with the working area of the linear feeder. This can be achieved through suitable protective measures (e.g., enclosure, light grid).

When the system is running in special operating modes, it must be ensured that there is no danger to the operator.



The system operator is responsible for the installation of the linear feeder in a system!

6.1 Safety instructions

WARNING

Danger! Risk of electric shock!



If work on electrical components is required, ensure that the work is carried out properly, failure to do so will cause serious or fatal injuries.

- Work on the machine's electrical equipment may only be performed by skilled electrician or trained personnel under the supervision of a skilled electrician in accordance with all relevant electrical regulations.
- Disconnect the power supply before assembly and disassembly work and when making changes to the installation!



No warranty will be granted for damage caused by improper installation on the part of the operating company.



Observe the safety instructions in Chap. 2 "Safety instructions" of this manual as well as the instructions in \$\rightarrow\$ Chap. 6.3.



6.2 Assembly

6.2.1 Tightening torque

Tightening torques M_{Sp} in [Nm] for shaft bolts with metric ISO standard threads and head rests according to DIN 912 or DIN 931.

Carau	Tig	ghtening torques M _{Sp} in	[Nm]
Screw	Strength class 8.8	Strength class 10.9	Strength class 12.9
M4	2.8	4.1	4.8
M5	5.5	8.1	9.5
M6	9.5	14.0	16.5
(M7)	15.5	23.0	27.0
M8	23.0	34.0	40.0
M10	46.0	68.0	79.0
M12	79.0	117.0	135.0
M14	125.0	185.0	215.0
M16	195.0	280.0	330.0
M18	280.0	390.0	460.0
M20	390.0	560.0	650.0
M22	530.0	750.0	880.0
M24	670.0	960.0	1120.0
M27	1000.0	1400.0	1650.0
M30	1350.0	1900.0	2250.0

6.2.2 Fastening the module

The HLF-M is firmly bolted to the foundation using the slots (2) made in the base plate. This means that the interfaces at the inlet and outlet of the conveyor rails are precisely defined and adjustable.

In the horizontal plane, the base should be designed to be vibration-resistant (slab or block construction) to be able to absorb possible residual forces. Self-supporting profile constructions must be reinforced with a base plate to which the linear feeder is attached. A steel plate of at least 20mm thickness and a width of over 120mm should be used for this purpose.

The vertical oscillating forces responsible for energy induction in the foundation structure should be virtually eliminated by a careful balance of weights (\bigcirc Chap. 6.4.2). The height adjustment must be made by means of appropriate substructures. Suitable Afag standard components are available for complete station set-ups.

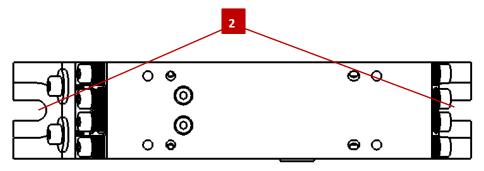


Fig. 4 Attachment slots(2) in the base plate



Assembly of the useful mass 6.2.3

The linear feeder type HLF-M is based on the oscillating force compensation according to the counter oscillation principle. To achieve a good vibration force balance, it is necessary that the lines of action of the centres of gravity of the working and counterweight are as close together as possible.

The position of the centre of gravity of the counterweight is determined by the design of the linear feeder. The centre of gravity of the useful mass is determined by the design of the useful mass (e.g., conveyor rail).

To ensure a good balance of oscillating forces with minimum residual oscillation, the overall centre of gravity of the working weight has to be located within the area specified in .

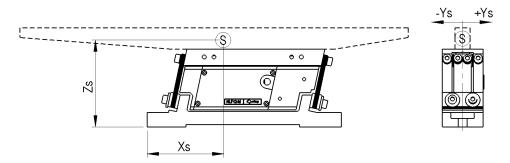


Fig. 5 Centre of gravity range

Limiting coordinates for the position of centre of gravity of the working weight [mm]

Dimension	HLF07-M	HLF12-M	HLF25-M	HLF50-M
X _s [mm]	85 ± 10	105 ± 10	135 ± 20	120 ± 15
Y _s [mm]	0 ± 9	0 ± 10	0 ± 12	0 ± 15
Z _s [mm]	$77 \pm 8,5$	84 ± 11	110 ± 15	165 ± 10



6.2.4 Assembly of the conveyor rail

The conveyor rail is attached by means of a side plate. The side plate is fixed in an accurate and reproducible position by means of locating pins. Vertical slots are provided in the side plate for conveyor rail attachment, allowing fine adjustment of the interfaces at the rail inlet and rail outlet in the vertical direction.

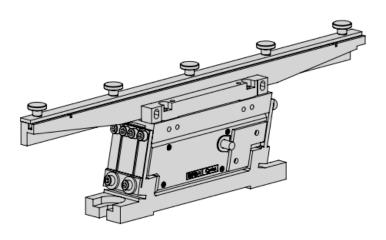


Fig. 6 Mounting with side plate "O"

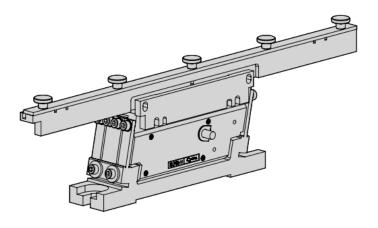


Fig. 7 Mounting with side plate "S"



The useful mass must correspond to the values given in \bigcirc Chap. 6.4.2 "Mass balancing".



Electrical connection 6.3

WARNING

Danger! Risk of electric shock!

Improperly performed work can result in serious or fatal injuries.

Work on the machine's electrical equipment may only be performed by skilled electrician or trained personnel under the supervision of a skilled electrician in accordance with all relevant electrical regulations.

Important notes on the electrical connection

- The mains supply must be provided by the customer via a residual current circuit breaker!
- The feeder may only be operated with the mains supply specified on the type
- The electrical connections must be covered!
- Protective conductor connections must be checked for proper function after installation.
- Emergency-STOP devices must remain effective in all operating modes. Unlocking the Emergency-STOP devices must not cause an uncontrolled restart!

Power connection via controller

The linear feeder HLF is connected to the AC mains 230V/50Hz via a controller type IRG or MSG. The design for other mains voltages and frequencies is possible, e.g., 115V/60Hz.

The IRG1-S controller is available for controlling the linear conveyors. The MSG801 or MSG802 can also be used. An additional CEE appliance plug (Fig. 8) is required for the MSG controls (order no.: 11006982!).

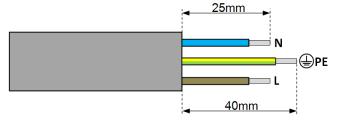


Fig. 8 Cable end additional plug

The linear feeder operates in full-wave mode at twice the mains frequency, i.e., at 50Hz AC with a mechanical vibration frequency of 100Hz.

Vibration displacement and thus the transport speeds are infinitely adjustable due to magnet current and thus magnetic force variability. All IRG types operate with soft-starting and offer different options for mounting, attachment and control.



A detailed description of the controller can be found in the AFAG general catalogue. Third-party control units can also be used, provided they meet the technical conditions.



6.4 Settings

Before adjusting the linear feeder, the feeder rails must be designed. When adjusting the linear feeder, always adjust the balance of weights first and then the natural frequency.

6.4.1 Design of the conveyor rails

The conveyor rails must be designed to be vibration-resistant so that the conveying impulses generated by the unit are transferred exactly to the conveyor rail and thus to the parts and no superimposed natural vibrations of the conveyor rail negatively influence the conveying process.

Tool steel is the preferred material for conveyor rails (e.g.: 1.2842, 90MnCrv8).



When designing the conveyor rail, observe the technical data (Chap. 3.2) as well as the dimensions of the conveyor rails given in this chapter and the values for the useful mass given in Chap. 6.4.2.

Conveyor rail dimensions

The following applies to the dimensional ratio of the conveyor rail cross-section:

$$\frac{Height}{Width} = \frac{2}{1}$$

Dimension [mm]	HLF07-M	HLF12-M	HLF25-M	HLF50-M
Length	300	400	500	700
Width	17	17	24	24

Fig. 9 Table with the recommended dimensions of the conveyor rails



The dimensions are for one vibrating section and can be applied to each of the two vibrating sections.



6.4.2 Adjust balance of weights

The oscillating forces in the base plate of the Afag linear feeder are compensated almost completely due to the principle of opposing oscillations.

To ensure this vibration force compensation, the following conditions must be observed in the design of the conveyor rail:

This means that the working weight and the counterweight are equal. The working weights specified for respective sizes are listed in the table below and must be observed.



The working weight is the total weight of all components attached to the mounting plate including the side plate. The balance of weight is verified by simply weighing the working weight.

The centre of mass of the useful mass must be in the area shown below.

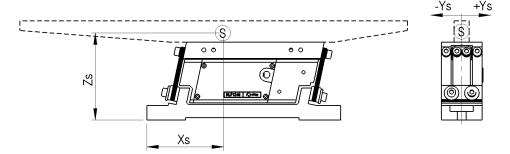


Fig. 10 Area of the centre of gravity - see also.

Chap. 6.2.3



The mass balance is precisely tuned when almost no more residual vibrations can be felt in the base.

With a precisely adjusted mass balance, the conveying speed is the same on the working side and the opposite side.

Values for the useful mass

Туре	Ideal working mass [kg]	Max. useful mass [kg]
HLF07-M	0.7 ± 0.05	0.9
HLF12-M	1.2 ± 0.05	1.5
HLF25-M	2.5 ± 0.1	3.0
HLF50-M	5.0 ± 0.1	5.5



6.4.3 Natural frequency fine adjustment

The Afag linear feeder works by making use of resonance. Weights that are not exactly balanced require a spring stiffness modification.

For this purpose, sliding adjustment plates (1) are mounted on the base plate attachment of the spring assemblies. The natural frequency is adjusted by moving these adjustment plates.



Adjustment plates upwards ⇒
Adjustment plates downwards ⇒

Natural frequency increases Natural frequency decreases

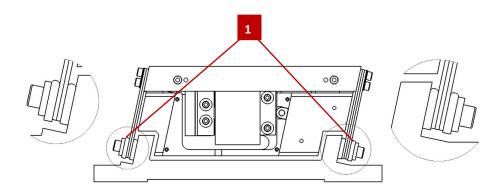


Fig. 11 Spring assembly with adjustment plates (1)



The linear feeder must always be "supercritically" adjusted, i.e., the exciting frequency must be approx. 5% above the natural frequency.

For a 100Hz feeder this means a natural frequency of approx. 97Hz, for a 120Hz feeder a natural frequency of approx. 117Hz.

To fine adjustment of the natural frequency, carry out the following test:

- 1. Place the test part on the conveyor rail and switch on the controller.
- 2. Reduce the conveying speed of the HLF until the test part only moves slowly on the conveyor rail.
- 3. Keep the setting of the controller constant and slowly loosen the screws of the setting plates on a spring assembly of the HLF.
- 4. Check the transport speed of the test part while loosening the screws:
 - If the conveying speed increases briefly and then decreases again when the screws are loosened further, the linear feeder is set correctly.
 - The natural frequency is slightly higher than the excitation frequency.
 - Return the adjustment plates to the position they had before loosening the screws.
 - ⇒ The process is completed.

In the following cases, the natural frequency of the linear feeder is not set correctly and must be readjusted by moving the adjustment plates.





When moving the setting plates, make sure that the setting plates are always horizontal and that the top edges are always exactly opposite each other.

Loosen the adjustment plates only at one spring assembly at a time to prevent the oscillating parts from sinking.

- The conveying speed increases when the screws are loosened and does not decrease, or only slightly, when the screws are completely loosened.
 - The linear feeder is still too stiffly adjusted. The natural frequency is still too high.
 - Push the adjustment plates down or if the weight deviation is too great - remove a leaf spring.
 - Carry out the test for fine adjustment of the natural frequency (see above) again.
 - ⇒ The process is completed.
- If the conveying speed decreases immediately when the screws are loosened, the linear feeder is still set too soft.
 - Push the adjustment plates upwards or, if necessary, install an additional leaf spring.
 - Carry out the test for fine adjustment of the natural frequency (see above) again.
 - ⇒ The process is completed.



6.4.4 Adjust air gap

The air gap of the magnet system is set to the values given in the following table during series assembly.

Туре	Power supply	Air gap value [mm]	Tolerance
HLF07	230V/50Hz	1.00	± 0,05
nLFU/	115V/60Hz	0.80	± 0,05
Ш Г10	230V/50Hz	1.00	± 0,05
HLF12	115V/60Hz	0.80	± 0,05
HLF25	230V/50Hz	1.15	± 0,05
HLF25	115V/60Hz	0.95	± 0,05
HLF50	230V/50Hz	1.00	± 0,05
	115V/60Hz	1.00	± 0,05

If the air gap deviates from the specified values (e.g., after a natural frequency adjustment), the air gap must be readjusted.

NOTICE

Danger of property damage due to overheating!

If a larger air gap than specified is set, there is a risk that the magnet will overheat and burn out the coil.

• Always comply with the specified air gap values!

To set the air gap proceed as follows:

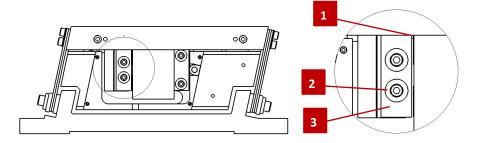


Fig. 12 Fastening of the anchor

- 1. Remove the cover.
- 2. Loosen the lateral fastening screws (2) of the magnetic anchor (3).
- 3. Readjust the air gap (1) using the distance gauge (2 Chap. 3.3.2).
 - The surfaces of the magnetic core and the magnetic armature must be exactly parallel to each other.
- 4. Tighten the fastening screws (2) alternately in stages.
 - ⇒ The process is completed.



Operation 7

After connection, the linear feeders are put into operation for the first time via the system controller.



Commissioning must only be carried out in setup/jog mode. Before commissioning, check whether the rated voltage of the device matches the local mains voltage.

7.1 Safety instructions for commissioning

DANGER



Risk of injury due to electric shock!

Unauthorized removal of the plug cover causes a risk of electric shock!

- Do NOT dismount the plug cover!
- Avoid any action on the module which could endanger safety!

Preparatory activities for commissioning

The linear feeder is designed for operation with AFAG - controllers. The modules can also be operated with other control systems.

The operation of the AFAG controllers is described in the separate installation manual for the respective controllers.

Perform a test run in preparation for commissioning. To turn the connectors, proceed as follows:

- 1. Connect the controller to the computer (operating software must be installed).
 - The use of the operating software is described in the installation instructions for the controllers used.
- 2. If the module is supplied with an Afag controller, no further action is required (operating parameters already stored in the controller).
- 3. When using a different controller, special cables must be made, and the operating parameters determined.
 - ⇒ The test operation can now be carried out.

Commissioning of the modules

Proceed carefully and follow the instructions step by step when commissioning the modules for the first time:

- Observe the permissible technical values (\$\sigma\$ Chapter 2.8).
 - Payload, frequency, moment load.
- 2. First, make sure that there are no persons or tools in the working area.
- 3. Perform test run:
 - Start with slow movements,
 - then continue under normal operating conditions.
 - Commissioning is completed.



8 Fault elimination

8.1 Safety instructions



Observe the safety instructions in \bigcirc Chap. 2 "Safety instructions" of these installation instructions as well as the safety instructions of the controller manufacturer.

8.2 Fault causes and remedy

The following table contains an overview of fault causes and how to proceed to eliminate them.

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy:
Linear feeder does not run - no vibrations noticeable	 Mains voltage too low or unstable (or only 180V) 	 Check the mains voltage, if necessary readjust the conveyor (take existing mains voltage into account).
	 Connection to the mains supply interrupted. 	 Check the connections, controller drive, power supply unit.
	Controller is switched off <0>	 Switch on the controller <1> or, if a jam control is used, check the jam control signal.
	 Controller defective 	 Electrical check of the unit, use replacement or spare device.
	 Magnet damaged, magnet coil burnt out 	 Electrical test of the magnet, replace damaged magnet. Check settings: 50 Hz position, full wave (excitation frequency = 100 Hz).
	 Air gap between magnet and armature too small (strike) or too large 	 Adjust air gap according to \$\mathbb{O}\$ Chap. 6.4.4.
	 Foreign part jammed in the air gap between magnet and armature 	■ Remove foreign part.



Fault elimination

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy:
Conveyor runs too slowly or no movement visible	Mains voltage too low or unstable (or only 180V)	Check the mains voltage, if necessary readjust the feeder (take existing mains voltage into account).
	 Output frequency of the controller set incorrectly 	 Set the switch in the controller to the required frequency: 50 Hz position, full wave (excitation frequency = 100 Hz)
	 Conveyor rail not sufficiently rigidly connected to the respective drive. 	 Tighten the fastening screws, check the thread if necessary.
	 Solenoid damaged, solenoid coil burnt out 	Electrical test of the magnet, replace damaged magnet. Check settings: 50 Hz position, full wave (excitation frequency = 100 Hz).
	 Air gap between magnet and armature too small (strike) or too large 	 Adjust air gap according to ⊃ Chap. 6.4.4
	 Spring fracture results in a change of the system natural frequency 	 Loosen screws of spring assemblies, check springs, replace broken or damaged springs. The cause of spring breakage is usually too much swing amplitude> Check air gap!
	 Adjustment of the drive faulty, i.e., natural frequency of the system too far away from excitation frequency 	■ Re-adjust drive (⊃ Chap. 6.4.3)
	 A foreign part is stuck in the air gap between magnet and armature 	 Remove foreign part
Unstable delivery behaviour, delivery speed varies	Mains voltage too low or unstable (or only 180V)	 Check the mains voltage, if necessary readjust the feeder (consider the existing mains voltage).
	 Output frequency of the controller set incorrectly 	 Set the switch in the controller to the required frequency: 50 Hz position, full wave (excitation frequency = 100 Hz)
	 Conveyor rail not sufficiently firmly connected to the respective drive. 	 Tighten the fastening screws, check the thread if necessary.
	 Magnet damaged, magnet coil burnt out 	 Electrical test of the magnet, replace damaged magnet. Check settings: 50 Hz position, full wave (excitation frequency = 100 Hz).
	 Spring fracture results in a change of the system natural frequency 	 Loosen screws of spring assemblies, check springs, replace broken or damaged springs. The cause of spring breakage is usually too much swing amplitude> Check air gap
	 Adjustment of the drive faulty, i.e., natural frequency of the system too far away from excitation frequency 	■ Re-adjust drive (⊃ Chap. 6.4.3)
	 A foreign part is stuck in the air gap between magnet and armature 	Remove foreign part.



Fault	Possible cause	Remedy:
Feeders transmit vibrations	 Conveyor rail not sufficiently rigidly connected to the respective drive. 	 Tighten the fastening screws, check the thread if necessary.
	 Spring fracture results in a change of the system natural frequency 	 Loosen screws of spring assemblies, check springs, replace broken or damaged springs. The cause of spring breakage is usually too much swing amplitude> Check air gap
	 Adjustment of the drive faulty, i.e., natural frequency of the system too far away from excitation frequency 	■ Re-adjust drive (⊃ Chap. 6.4.3).
Conveyor rail lifts off or hits the ground	 Conveyor rail is not sufficiently firmly connected to the drive. 	 Tighten the fastening screws, check the thread if necessary.
	 Air gap between magnet and armature too small (strike) or too large 	 Adjust air gap according to \$\circ\$ Chap. 6.4.4
	 Spring fracture results in a change of the system natural frequency 	 Loosen screws of spring assemblies, check springs, replace broken or damaged springs. The cause of spring breakage is usually too much swing amplitude. → Check air gap!
	 Adjustment of the drive faulty, i.e., natural frequency of the system too far away from excitation frequency 	■ Re-adjust drive (□ Chap. 6.4.3)
	 A foreign part is stuck in the air gap between magnet and armature 	 Remove foreign part



9 Maintenance and repair

9.1 **General notes**

The linear feeder requires minimal maintenance. Depending on the type and manner of use, signs of wear may occur which can be compensated for by readjusting the adjustment plates.

9.2 Safety instructions

WARNING

Danger of injury due to improper maintenance!



Improperly carried out maintenance activities can cause considerable damage to property and serious injury.

- Only use trained specialist personnel to carry out the activities.
- Always wear personal protective equipment when carrying out maintenance and repair work!

WARNING

Risk of injuries due to uncontrolled parts movements!



Signals from the controller can trigger unintentional movements of the linear feeder, which can cause injury.

- Before starting any work on the module, switch off the controller and secure to prevent it from being switched on.
- Observe the operating instructions of the controller used!



Also observe the safety instructions in Chap. 2 "Safety instructions" in this manual.



9.3 Maintenance activities and maintenance intervals



 The maintenance intervals must be strictly observed. The intervals refer to a normal operating environment.

9.3.1 Overview of the maintenance points



Fig. 13 Maintenance linear feeder HLF

No.	Maintenance point	Maintenance work	Interval	System [On/Off]	Remarks
1	Leaf spring	Check, clean if necessary	As required	[Off]	-
			 Check leaf springs for: Wear, oxidation (increased resonance frequency) Settling behaviour (reduced resonance frequency) 		, ,,

9.3.2 Check leaf springs for wear and oxidation

Depending on the operating condition and environment, the leaf springs can develop an oxidation layer on the contact surfaces, which can impair the vibration behaviour in the long term.

This can lead to an increase in the resonance frequency.

In this case, lower the adjustment plates to compensate for the increased resonance frequency.

Replace leaf springs in case of high wear (Chap. 9.3.4)



Check spring setting behaviour 9.3.3

Longer storage times can lead to settling of the installed leaf springs. Settling behaviour can result in a reduction in spring stiffness and resonance frequency.

Raise the adjustment plates slightly to compensate for the reduction in resonance frequency.

This eliminates the need to readjust the resonance frequency.

9.3.4 Remove leaf springs

It may be necessary to remove the leaf springs to clean them or replace them if they are very worn.

To remove the leaf springs, please proceed as follows:

- 1. Support the oscillating parts in a vertical direction.
- 2. Remove the spring assembly (only remove one spring assembly at a time to avoid displacement of the oscillating parts and thus impairment of function).
- 3. Clean the leaf springs.



Do not oil or grease leaf springs! This would lead to the springs sticking together and negatively influence the oscillation behaviour

- 4. Install cleaned or in case of high wear replacement spring assembly.
 - ⇒ The process is completed.

9.3.5 Further maintenance

Further maintenance is not required, if the ambient conditions listed below are complied with:

- Clean working area.
- No use of splash water.
- No abrasion or process dusts.
- Environmental conditions as specified in the technical data.



9.4 Spare and wear parts, repairs

Afag Automation AG offers a reliable repair service. Defective modules can be sent to Afag for warranty repair within the warranty period.

After expiry of the warranty period, the customer may replace or repair defective modules or wear parts himself or send them to the Afag repair service.



Please note that Afag does not assume any warranty for modules that have not been replaced or repaired by Afag!

9.4.1 Spare parts

Туре	Designation	Mains connection	Order Number
HLF07	Vibrating magnet	230V/50Hz	15054450
		115V/60Hz	15002283
HLF12	Vibrating magnet	230V/50Hz	50277472
		115V/60Hz	50277904
HLF25	Vibrating magnet	230V/50Hz	50270048
		115V/60Hz	50280087
HLF50	Vilonatina na na anna t	230V/50Hz	15019167
	Vibrating magnet	115V/60Hz	50307820

9.4.2 Wear parts

Туре	Designation	Order Number
HLF07	Leaf spring	50203877
HLF12	Leaf spring	50203471
HLF25	Leaf spring	50254134
HLF50	Leaf spring	50411551



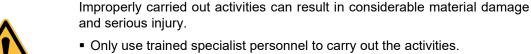
10 Decommissioning, disassembly, disposal

The linear feeder must be properly dismounted after use and disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner.

10.1 Safety instructions

WARNING

Risk of injury due to improper decommissioning and disposal!





- Disconnect the media supply before dismounting the module!
- Only remove the linear feeder when the controller is switched off and secured!

10.2 Decommissioning

If the linear feeders are not used for a longer period, they must be properly commissioned and stored as described in \$\circ\$ chapter 4.5.

10.3 Disposal

The linear feeders must be disposed of properly at the end of their service life and the raw materials used must be recycled. Observe the legal regulations and company requirements.

The linear feeder must not be disposed of as a complete unit. Dismantle the linear feeder and separate the various components according to type of material and dispose of them properly:

- Scrap the metallic materials.
- Hand over plastic parts for recycling.
- Sort the rest of the components by their material properties and dispose of them accordingly.

NOTICE

Risk to the environment due to incorrect disposal of the linear feeder!

Environmental damage can be caused by improper disposal.

- Electronic parts, electrical scrap, auxiliary and operating materials must be disposed of by approved specialist companies.
- Information on proper disposal can be obtained from the responsible local authorities.



